BELLEFONTE PATRIOT.

BELLEFONTE, CENTRE COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA, PRINTED BY H. PETRIKIN.

Vol. V. *WEDNESDAY, February 26, 1823.* *No.* 42.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES
OF CLEARFIELD COUNTY FOR THE YEAR 1823.

Alexander B. Reed, Treasurer, in account with said county, from the 8th. day of January 1822, until the 21st. of January 1823, both days inclusive.

	Dr.		Cr.	
Cash received from owners of unseated lands	$5556	29 1-2	By cash paid Supervisors	$2525 05
from P. A. Karthause, Esq. collector of Covington township	24	61	Wolf and panther orders	760 43
Job England, collector of Pike township	334	90	Courthouse contract to R. Collins	997 11
Amasa Smith, collector of Becaria township	170	64	Robert Ross and David Ferguson commissioners of the Mushannon and Clearfield road	583 09
Thomas Lewis, collector of Gibson township	78	09	Educating poor children	4 54
Valentine Flegle, collector of Bradford township	50	00	Martin Hoover witness in case Com. vs. Keaggy	6 70
Isaac Horton, collector of Fox township	121	16	Sheriff's fees, Com. vs. Clayton	36 89
Ballance due Treasurer	14	00	Sheriff's fees summoning jurors	4 25
	$6349	69 1-2	Ebenezer Magee paper case for commissioners	13 00
			John G. Lowrey Clerk of the Sessions	32 72
			Election expenses	171 50
			Road viewers	88 01
			Inquests of Ann Albert, John Hoover, and Erlicks	53 09
			Com. vs. Wm. Tate	85 20
			Commissioners wages, D. Ferguson	26 00
			do do G. Bell	46 25
			do do Robert Ross	5 06
			do do M. Ogden	61 46
			do do Alex. Reed	30 00
			J. M. Fox counsel fees	50 00
			Auditors wages	24 10
			Assessors wages	108 51
			Jurors wages	32 20
			S. Fulton, late treasurer, fees on unseated lands	50 37
			Exonerations to collectors	162 12
			Alexander Reed office rent	20 00
			Henry Petrikin for printing	18 75
			Alexander Reed, Post Master, for postage	3 10
			Witness & Coroner's fees com. vs Munks	97 83
			Treasurer's per centage on $6335 69 at 4 per cent.	253 42
				6349 69

Money due the county on notes on the sale of unseated lands in the year 1818

Wm. Tate, Esq.	$ 235 09
Samuel Fulton	44 02
Abraham Allen for 1820	6 25
Henry Irwin	1 39
Philip Bawins	7 27
Jacob Jackson	2 19
Isaac Goone	3 74
Richard Rowles	2 20
John Barefield	1 29
Levi Hicks	1 28

NOTES OF SALES OF 1821.

William Leonard	46 31
James Mix	34 15
Greenwood Bell, Esq.	41 25
John Biss	11 13
Isael Steere	26 07
John S. Brockway	11 43
do do	9 95
David Robinson	10 25
Rudolph Litch	15 22
John Miller	19 47
Samuel Moore	8 59
Samuel Fulton	67 29
John Biss	15 71
Ebenezer Magee	5 33
Morris Fryby	17 60
Isael Steere	17 76
John Watson	11 01
John Biss	5 29
George B. Engles	23 06
Judgment vs. Joseph Boone, debt & interest	222 00
	$935 43

Archibald Shaw, callector of Lawrence township for	1822		166 95
Valentine Flegel	do	Bradford township for do	182 61
			$349 56

Money overpaid to the several supervisors of the different townships from the year 1818 to the year 1821 inclusive, they having drawn the whole amount of the road tax not deducting the treasurers per centage, viz.

Lawrence township	195 37
Pike do	324 34
Bradford do	382 18
Becaria do	342 78
Covington do	125 20
Gibson do	95 26
Fox do	59 44
	1524 58

Having examined the accounts of A. B. Reed, Treasurer of Clearfield county, we find a balance due said treasurer of fourteen dollars, likewise the following sums due the county: Nine hundred thirty-five dollars forty three cents on notes and judgments; three hundred forty-nine dollars fifty six cents by collectors; fifteen hundred twenty-four dollars fifty-eight cents by different townships on money overpaid on account of Treasurer's percentage. Given under our hands the 21st of January 1823.

ALEXANDER READ
GEORGE WELCH } Com'rs.
ELISHA SCOFIELD.

ATTEST, JAMES REED *Clk.*

CONDITIONS.

The price of this paper is TWO DOLLARS per annum—but if paid in advance, ONE DOLLAR AND SEVENTY FIVE CENTS only will be charged.

Advertisements, making no more in length than breadth, will be inserted three times for one dollar; and for every subsequent continuance twenty-five cents.—Those of greater length in proportion.—Rule or figure work double those rates.

No subscription will be received for less than one year; nor any paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid.

If the subscriber does not request a discontinuance of his paper, at the end of the year, it will be considered as a new engagement; and the paper forwarded accordingly.

Subscribers who have their papers carried by the mail, must be liable for the postage.

Letters addressed to the editor must be post paid.

W. WARD
Tobacconist,

Informs his friends and the public, that he has on hand a large quantity of

CHEWING TOBACCO,
SPANISH & AMERICAN
SEGARS,

CUT AND DRY,
AND SNUFF.

All of which he will dispose of on the most reasonable terms for Cash or country produce. Country merchants will be allowed a reasonable credit.

PUBLIC SALE.

By virtue and in pursuance of the last will and testament of John Glen, late of Ferguson township, deceased will be sold at public sale, on the 15th day of March next, the following described tracts of land situate in the said township, viz. A tract of land containing one hundred and fourteen acres, of which between 80 and 90 acres are cleared, with a dwelling house thereon erected. A tract of land containing one hundred and fifty acres, of which one hundred acres are cleared, having thereon erected a dwelling house and barn. The land is of an excellent quality. Terms made known on the day of sale, on the premises. Due attendance will be given by

JAMES GLEN,
JOHN BAILEY. } *Ex'rs.*

January 1st 1823.

NOTICE

IS hereby given to all persons indebted te the estate of Isaac Fisher dec'd. to come forward on or before the first day of March next, and settle off their accounts; as after that date their accounts will be lodged in the hands of James Crawford, Esq. for collection. All persons having demands against said estate, will please to produce them properly attested for settlement.

JOHN M'CALMONT, *Ad'mr.*

January 13, 1823.

TO RENT
The Washington
IRON WORKS,

Situated in Nittany Valley, Centre county, about fifteen Miles below Bellefonte, six miles from Baldeagle creek, and nine miles from the Susquehanna river; the works are well situated, and on never failing streams; the Furnace is watered by a large spring and the Forge by Fshing-creek, either of these streams seldom ever freeze. There is about two thousand acres of excellent wood land adjoining the works, there are two excellent

Ore Banks,

one, about two and a half miles, and he other three fourths of a mile from he Furnace. The Ore is equal, i not superior, to any in the United States. The Forge is in good repair and has been working until last spring. The Furnace has not been in blast for some time, and will require some repairs. The owner is unacquainted with conducting Iron Works, and wishes to rent them, therefore any person wanting to rent Iron Works will findit to their advantage to come and view said Works, as the subscriber lives on the premises and will make the terms easy and liberal.

JOHN HENDERSON.

Jan. 27th 1823.

The Editors of the Pennsylvania Inteligencer, Harrisburg; Lancastr. Intelligencer, Lancaster; and Baltimore Patriot, are requested to insert the above in their respective papers, weekly for three months and forward their bills to the subscriber for payment.

J. H.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the estate of JOHN MOORE, late of Potter township, dec'd are requested to come forward on or before the first day of March next, and make payment, and those having demand will please present their accounts legally attested for settlement. Those persons not complying with this request will have their accounts lodged in the hands of proper officers for collection.

BENSON M'ELHEANY,
NANCY MOORE. } *Adm'r*

Jan. 28, 1823

Gillespie and Smith,

Inform their friends that they have commenced the

Boot and Shoemaking

business in the borough of Bellefonte in the shop next to Messrs. Hammond and Page's store, where they intend keeping on hand a quantity of first rate fashionable Boots and Shoes, which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms for cash or country produce.

Dec. 3d 1822.

Earth Quake { her Child

FRANCE AND SPAIN.

But with respect to a war between France and Spain, and the probability of that event, upon which so many interest and anxieties present, is in this precise position. That France has full liberty conceded to her of interfering in the affairs of the Peninsula so she pleases, by peaceful representations or by hostile attack; and that she has the inclination, we will add, not resulting from just computation of public utility, but precipated by personal feelings or passions. For of what use is the attack upon Spain to prove? If it be meant by an hostile inroad to preserve the life of the King, supposing it to be in danger—which we of this country, who have recently witnessed the destruction of a royal personage, should be last to deny; war is almost the only method by which the King's life cannot be saved. But if it be meant to make the defeated party triumphant in Spain, by means of a foreign force it is evident that the foreign force which affects this change in the Peninsula must remain there to support that which it has effected: or, in other words, Spain is to be occupied by the French, and what then becomes of our commerce with the Spaniards; the Spaniards' who now offer us with a liberal hand, as one free people offers to another all the resources of their own kingdom, and an unfettered import to all the manufactures of ours? And are we to suffer Spain under these circumstances, to become a commercial enemy in the hands of France? Spain will either triumph over, succumb under, the unprovoked attack of the Bourbons.

If the former, if she defends herself by her own energies, (shame to us!) she will owe us no gratitude; but if the latter—if "which Heaven forfend," Spain should be conquered—it is impossible that we should suffer her to remain a province of France; we must then at our own expense raise her into independence.

It is clear, therefore, that we must, either sooner or later, go to war for Spain, rather than she should sink under France. At present we still hope strong representations may suffice. Such are said to have been made by the Duke of Wellington at Verona; but his Grace's arguments were probably derived only from military topics. We hope also that moral considerations will be suggested to the French government, and that a few advertisements of caution, derived from experience, will also be given to it. Let it recollect the celebrated proclamation of the Duke of Brunswick on his invasion of France at the commencement of the revolution in that country; and of what use the empty bravado was to the feeble sovereign.

A picture of the State of Missouri—Grand Jury Presentment.

We, the Grand Jury, of the state of Missouri, impannelled for the county of Cape Girardeau; would present to our fellow citizens, the necessity of industry, and economy in their private affairs; and regret to see in a state just emerging from a teritorial government, so much idleness and dissipation, and the laws of our country too little respected both by individuals and officers.

As it respects the former, perhaps they are not so blameable, where men appointed by the government, and to whom special trust and confidence are reposed, wink, nay even shut their eyes, to the transgression of the law.

Persons not exercising the functions of government, are not to be viewed by the eye of morality, in the same degree of turpitude as men exercising these functions, though it ought to be expected; and nothing can conduce to the establishment and permanency of good government so much as morality in the citizens without the exercise of the law does not take hold of them (though perfect in itself) though from the inattention of the law; but all men have their propensities, and where officers they should be strongly reprobated. In the instance of gambling, one of the most pernicious vices, it is not uncommon to see several persons assembled at the card table, and perhaps two-thirds of the same officers, sworn to support the laws and constitution of the state, which they daily violate. The peace officers are frequently witnesses of affrays in our streets, which they are bound by law to take notice of, but lest they should lose, in the mercantile phrase, the selling of a few yards of tape, or in seeking the popularity, lose two votes in apprehending the rioters, they suffer the same to pass with impunity.

Sabbath breaking is a misdemeanor forbidden by our laws, but we think we may safely say, for five years no notice has been taken of the same, and for that reason, it is not uncommon to see on that day, that almost as much labour is done, as on those on which labour is not prohibited. Sunday or night to advocate!! Such an assertion, to those acquainted with us, requires no refutation: it carries falsehood on the face of it. To those unacquainted with us, we make known, that the story is a base calumny; the coining of 'Squire Mowrey's brain, already cracked with defeat in not being gratified with a caucus composed of the members of the legislature, whose darling pet he is. The 'Squire has impotently endeavored to place us in. The words he puts into our mouth, were made use of by himself, in order to frighten the members of the Legislature to give him the public printing. Such is our information, and we derive it from as respectable a source as his "very respectable rafts man" is, ever was, or ever will be.

Charley appears to have our interest very much at stake. He is fearful lest the publications which appeared in this paper unfavorable to *Clark*, will injure us. Good soul!! We wonder if he consulted with the "*man of principle in proportion to his interest*," on this point? We are inclined to believe that he has; and know the fact from positive evidence. We would advise Mowrey to unite *interests* with *Joel B.* for a better match never was hitched to a Yankee cart than *Charley* and *Joe*.

For the information of this brace of "of *bold* and *designing politicians*," we will just state, that we are not apprehensive of losing many subscribers from the course we have pursued, and gladly reciprocate their kindness, but advise them to pay attention to their own political conduct, lest peradventure, unwittingly, they swamp in the quagmire of political *infamy*.

To conclude, we distinctly state that Mowrey's charge against us is *false*, and himself a base calumniator.

His age, altho' three score, can give him no right to dictate to the Democratic party of Pennsylvania. If at 60 he holds himself vested with such power, at 70, no doubt, he will be looking for a crown; and at 80 all the world will be in subjection to him.—Such a puerile attempt to shun a contest, which he himself counted, deserves nothing but contempt; but however anxious he may be to get his "neck out of the noose" it is our determination, after the meeting of the convention, not to let him slip so easily as he imagines. We are willing at any time to enter into a comparison of our political lives, and if we do not make it appear that the 'Squire when "weighed in the balance will be found wanting," we will acknowledge our error, and ask his forgiveness.

George Bryan.

It was to be expected that every opposition would be made to the nomination of this gentleman as the Democratic Candidate for Governor; and that the busy tongue of slander would be in active use on the occasion. Among the ridiculous stories that have been fabricated, is one that Mr. *Bryan* is friendly to *John Binns* and *Josiah Randall*. This has been traced to a *pretendedly* democratic member of the Legislature; and, altho' the source is a venal one, yet we think it proper to declare our belief that it is an UNQUALIFIED FALSEHOOD; and we most sincerely hope that the friends of Mr. *Bryan* will, in Convention, call upon those who have published it, or their friends, if any of them should be present, for the evidence of it. The idea that is intended to be conveyed by "*friendship for John Binns*," is, that Mr. Binns is to be in the confidence of Mr. *Bryan* in case he should be elected. We are therefore, the better persuaded that it is a gross calumny, for we are impressed with the belief, that Mr. Bryan will enter into no previous arrangements with any man, or set of men. In truth, this is the chief objection to him in the estimation of those who publish these falsehoods.

We are not aware that it is a crime to be on terms of friendship with John Binns; but whether it be so or not, Mr. Bryan entertains, we are confident, neither sentiments of personal hostility for him or any man on earth. This is saying a great deal, indeed; but it is not saying too much: but that Mr. Bryan is in league with John Binns now, or would be governed by him in the discharge of his official duties, we, without any qualification, say is false. We again repeat it, that in Convention those who first fabricated this story, will have an opportunity afforded them of substantiating it—and if they do not embrace it, henceforth let them stand convicted of wicked and wilful falsehood.

FEMALE COURAGE.

On the morning of Thursday last, about three o'clock, the maid servant of the Rev. Mr. Beckwith, curate of Tillingham, Essex was alarmed by a noise at the window of an apartment below, and looking out she saw the body of a man about half way through the sash and he was then pushing himself in the remainder of the way. Mr. Beckwith was at that time in London on a visit, and the only man in the house was the parish clerk who slept there. The servant went immediately to call him, and having informed him of what she had seen desired that he would get up and protect her and her mistress. She then went to Mrs Beckwith's apartment and had no sooner communicated her terrifying intelligence to her, than this courageous young lady took a loaded pistol in one hand and a candle in the other and desiring the servant to follow her, went down stairs. When she came to the room into which the fellow had entered, she walked boldly in and saw him cowering down in one corner. She presented the pistol at him, and in a menacing tone told him that if he moved or offered any resistance she would shoot him instantly. By this time the honest parish clerk, who probably fearing that his ancient bones would suffer from being exposed to the cold, had waited to put on his clothes, came shivering into the room and seeing the triumphant posture of his mistress, he advanced with more confidence, and Mrs. Beckwith standing by with her pistol, the clerk and the servant bound the thief hand hand and foot with cords.

He was the next day taken before a magistrate in the neighbourhood and committed. He had it appeared lifted a five-barred gate from its hinges, and brought it across one or two fields for the purpose of using it by way of a ladder to enable him to reach the windows.

FREEZING.

It is owing to the expansion of water in freezing that rocks and trees often split during intense frosts. According to the calculations of the Florentine academicians, a speerule, or little globe of water only one inch in diameter, expands in freezing with a force superior to the resistance of thirteen and one half tons weight.—Major Williams attempted to prevent this expansion, but during the operation the iron plug which stopped the orifice of the bomb-shell containing the freezing water, and which was more than two pounds weight, was projected several hundred feet with great velocity, and in another experiment the shell burst. The imbecility of man never appears so conspicuous as when he attempts to counteract the operation of laws which were designed by infinite beneficence for his preservation and comfort. The law in question is eminently important, and nature has made it unalterable.

TERRIBLE EATHQUAKE.

The London papers by the James Cropper contain the particulars of a most dreadful earthquake in Spain.—It happened on the 18th of August, and slight shocks continued to be felt till the 9th of October. Aleppo, Antioch, and every village and detached cottage in that district or province, were in ten or twelve reduced as to a heap of stones and rubbish; 20,000 human beings, constituting one-tenth of the population were destroyed, and an equal number maimed or wounded! The shock was experienced at Damascus, Adeno and Cyprus. "It was felt at sea so violently within two leagues of Cyprus, that it was thought the ship had grounded. Flashes of fire were perceived at various times throughout the night, resembling the light of the full moon, but at no place has it left a chasm of any extent, although in the low ground slight crevices are every where to be seen, and out of them water issued, but soon after subsided. The awful darkness, the continuance of the most violent shocks at short intervals, the crash of falling walls, the shrieks, the groans, the accents of agony and despair of that long night, cannot be described.' The imagination must be left to picture to itself these awful and dreadful magnificent scenes of horror and human suffering. F Gaz.

A PIRATE CAUGHT.

From the Norfolk Herald, Feb. 7.

A PRIZE TO THE SPARK.

Yesterday morning anchored under Sewell's Point, a Spanish schooner called the Infanta Catalina, sent in by the United States brig Spark, captain Wilkinson, charged with having committed piracy in plundering the schr. Nancy Eleanor, captain Howell, of Baltimore. From midshipman John Saunders, of the Spark, who has charge of the prize, we learn that about the middle of January, while the Spark was in Havana, captain Howell, of the above schooner, Nancy Eleanor, called on captain Wilkinson, and informed him, that a schooner which had robbed his vessel about two months before was then in the Port of Havana, and that after committing the robbery, her captain had threatened him, that if he knew of his giving information of the robbery to any of our cruizers, he would cut him to pieces if he should ever fall into his hands again. As a representation of these facts to the civil authority would probably have been to no purpose, but might have been attended with ill consequences to captain Howell, none was made. But on the 26th of January, the regular day for the Spark to sail with convoy, the Infanta Catalina also got under weigh, and stood to sea, bound to Campeachy. The Spark, with the Nancy Eleanor under convoy, weighed and stood out after her, which she perceiving attempted to run back into port, but was cut off by the Spark, who brought her to, and sent a boat on board with captain Howell and his mate to ascertain if they could identify any of her people as having been concerned in the robbery. The captain, the boatswain, and several of the crew of the Infanta Carolini were immediately recognised by them to be the same who had boarded and robbed the Nancy Eleanor as before stated; and upon their testimony, captain Wilkinson considered it his duty to order the vessel and crew to the United States for trial. She is destined for Baltimore, for the convenience of the witnesses, who belong to that port, and put into Hampton Roads on account of head winds. Midshipman Whittle has also arrived in the prize.

The Infanta Catalina is a large clipper built-schooner of about 160 tons mas one long gun a midships, with a number of small arms, and 20 men, 15 of whom are brought in, and the remainder detained on board the Spark. The Infanta Catalina spoke on Tuesday evening last, in latitude 37, long. 74. 15, the brig Edward from New York, two days out, who requested to be reported.

MELANCHOLY OCCURRENCE.

It is our unpleasant duty to give an account of a very horrid event. On the 30th January the wife of Solomon Rebenbole, of Weissenburg township, Lehigh county, cut off the head of her own child, an infant only 17 days old. The particulars, we understand, are as follows:

Her husband, who had been absent for a few minutes, found his wife on his return, sitting at the spinning wheel to all appearances very composed; but a small child who stood by the cradle said to him "Father, mother has cut off the baby's head." At first he paid no attention to this, but the repeated assertion of the child, induced him to look into the cradle, where he found too full proof of the horrid deed—the consternation of the father at this moment can easily be imagined.—On inquiring of his wife, why she had done it, she replied "*she had to do it*;" and she gave the same answer to the coroner's jury, and to other persons, without assigning any other cause.

On Friday, the unfortunate woman was committed to the prison in this town. She had previously shewn some symptoms of a disordered state of mind, but opinions and reports are various, and we refrain from saying any more at present, as an account of the trial she is to undergo will be published. She is the daughter of very respectable parents, and has hitherto had the reputation of a very industrious and peaceable woman. This mournful occurrence should cause us to recal to mind the salutary admonition: "Watch and pray, lest ye fall into temptation."

THE PILOT,

ANOTHER TALE BY THE AUTHOR OF THE SPY.

We take pleasure, says the New York Commercial Advertiser, in announcing, as being in preparation for the press, another work from the author of the Spy, to be entitled "THE PILOT—A TALE OF THE SEA." It is now in such a state of forwardness, that it will be published in March or April.

Trieste, Dec 2.

Accounts from Calamata, of November 23, states that in the beginning of November a dispute arose between Colectroni and Pietro Bey, about the occupation of Napoli di Romania, which the Pacha of Napoli, it was affirmed, had promised to surrender to him in preference. The Turks in Corinth took advantage of this dispute, which perhaps was the effect of a Turkish stratagem, and succeeded in again supplying the fortress of Napoli di Romania with provisions for two months.

Two thousand Turks with a large convoy, proceed from Corinth to Napoli, but were beaten on their route. The Greek chiefs saw too late that they had nearly been the victims of Turkish cunning which had been thus twice deprived by them of their operation, and were reconciled on a personal interview at Tripolitza on the 13th November.—If they should completely make themselves masters of Napoli di Romania, one half of which is in their hands, the garrison would fare hard, their perfidy having highly exasperated the Greeks.

GIBBON, VOLTAIRE, HUME.

From the New York American.

The following singular facts were stated at a meeting of a public society in Sheffield, England: Gibbon, who in his celebrated History of the decline and fall of the Roman Empire, has left an imperishable memorial of his enmity to the gospel, resided many years in Switzerland, where with the profits of his works, he purchased a considerable estate. This property has descended to a gentleman who, out of its rents, expended a large sum annually in the promulgation of that very gospel which his predecessor insidiously endeavored to undermine. Voltaire boasted that with one hand he would overthrow that edifice of christianity, which required the hands of the twelve apostles to build up. At this day, the press which he employed at Ferney to print his blasphemies is actually employed at Geneva in printing the Holy Scriptures. It is a remarkable circumstance, also, that the first provisional meeting for the formation of the Auxiliary Bible Society at Edinburgh, was held in the very room in which Hume died.

New York Feb. 16.

LATEST FROM CURACOA.

Captain Brown, of the Tartar, informs that on the day he left Curacoa, the Spanish sloop of war Hercules, and a schooner, had hauled up to Rotten Row, and would, no doubt, lie there clear from the elements of Neptune, and their enemies the Patriots, until they are no more. A Dutch sloop of war and a ship had just arrived from Holland in 35 days passage, bringing news of war between France and Spain. There was a report at Curacoa, received via Coro, that Morales had possession of Maracaibo and all the country in that vicinity, and was proceeding towards Valencia with great success, and all the inhabitants flying to him as their protector. On this news arriving, the Hercules was dressed, and there was much rejoicing with the royalists. Since that, there have been reports that Morales

ason.

We have received Curracoa papers to the 18th ultimo. The Corvette Endragt, captain Schroder, in 34 days from Helvoet Sleys, via Portsmouth, had just arrived at Curracoa, and saluted the town. This vessel brings a report of a war between France and Spain.

The brig Hippomenes, Bourne, arrived on the 17th, in 22 days from New York.

The United States frigate Congress, captain Biddle, sailed from Curacoa on the 4th ultimo. All were well on board. She waited in the offing until the 11th for an anchor.

COUNTERFEITING.

A gang of counterfeiters of Spanish Milled Dollars, has been discovered in Lower Canada, in the neighborhood of Montreal, and two of them apprehended. The dollars were extremely well imitated; those which have been seen would have deceived almost any one who was not on his guard for deception. The mint from whence this money found its way to the light, is in the township of Brome, not far from the public road, where the manufacturers have conveyed several copper stills, which, by a process not quite so difficult, nor connected with a science so abstruse as was that which led in ancient times to the transmutation of metals, produce money of the best quality in profusion; which is sent in to circulation by the faithful emissaries of the association.

ROBBERS DETECTED.

A gang of robbers, which had carried on its depredations for some time at Montreal, has been detected and committed to prison; and a considerable part of the booty recovered. Two men who were to have been executed on the 11th inst. were respited until the 31st.

From the Huntingdon Advocate.

The unanimous expression of sentiment at our late county meeting in favor of *George Bryan* will no doubt be fully in unision with that of a great portion of the republican party throughout the state. The wishes and expectations of the people seem rapidly to concentrate round the claims of this gentleman, and we can state with confidence that his nomination by the convention would produce the support of many citizens of this county, who seceded from the republican candidate at the last governors election.

HUNTINGDON County Meeting.

At a Meeting of the Democratic Republican Delegates, from the several Townships in the county of Huntingdon, convened pursuant to public notice at the house of William Moore, Innkeeper in the Borough of Huntingdon, for the purpose of choosing two persons as Delegates to represent this County in a General Convention of Delegates from the several Counties of this Commonwealth, at Harrisburg on the 4th day of March next, or at such other time and place, as may be agreed upon, by a majority of the same when convened, to nominate a suitable person as a Candidate for the Office of Governor of this Commonwealth; to be supported at the ensuing general election.—The Honourable *Joseph M'Cune* was called to the Chair, and *James Steel* Esq. appointed Secretary.

Whereupon, the Honourable *Joseph M'Cune* and *William Kerr*, jun. were appointed Delegates for the purposes above expressed.

The following Resolutions were then adopted.

Resolved, That *William P. M'Clay* Esq. be recommended to our Democratic brethren, as a suitable person to represent this senatorial district in said Convention.

Resolved, UNANIMOUSLY, That this Meeting, have full confidence in the talents, integrity and republican principles of our fellow citizen, GEORGE BRYAN Esq. and would be highly pleased with his nomination as a candidate for the office of governor to be supported at the ensuing general election.

Resolved, That these proceedings be signed by the Chairman and Secretary and published in the Republican Advocate, Juniata Gazette, and such other papers as may think proper to publish the same.

JOSEPH M'CUNE *Chairman.*
JAMES STEEL *Sec'ry.*

Bank Notes found.

A quantity of genuine Bank Notes was lately found by George Milligan, concealed at a stable on the post road leading from Harrisburg to Pittsburg, about seven miles west of Harrisburg.

This property is placed for safe keeping at the Harrisburg bank, where the owner may have it by establishing his right to the same, paying the trifling expence that has been incurred, and rewarding the virtuous services of those who found and preserved the money for the unfortunate owner.

Crime is evidently connected with this mysterious transaction; it is therefore considered due to public justice that the printers in different parts of the United States, give this publication a few insertions in their papers gratis.

Harrisburg, January 1823.

Thomas B. Tooker, late master of the British schr. Hibernia, came passenger in the ship Indian Chief. He is the only survivor of the crew of the Hibernia, of Yarmouth, Nova Scotia, which place he left on the 27th. of Oct. last, and on the 29th. while lying to in a heavy gale, the vessel was thrown on her beam ends, when she was struck by a sea, and all that were on deck were swept off. The rest except himself and one man, (who escaped from the cabin) perished below. The vessel immediately filled. Capt. T. with a penknife cut the lanyards of the forerigging, when fortunately the mast went and the vessel partly righted. They then lashed themselves on the main-boom, but the sea breaking over so violently, the other man perished in about half an hour. Capt T. continued in his situat on from Monday until Wednesday, without being able to get any thing from below.—On Wednesday noon he was taken off by the brig George, of Liverpool, and arrived at the port.

From the Pittsburg Gazette, Feb. 7

SUICIDE!

Stewart M Canty, a pedler, about 11 o'clock at night, on the 23 ultimo. cut his own throat. It was said in evidense before the jury, that he had been nearly three weeks at Samuel Haslet's tavern, in New Sewickly township Beaver county, Pennsylvania; and while there inclined to get drunk, if he could get liquor. They would sometimes give him half a pint of whiskey going to bed; then he would rest pretty well; but when he could not get it, would range about the house all night and could not rest. The evening of the fatal act he ate a hearty supper, drank three pints of beer, and about nine o'clock went to bed. Sometime after, a traveller went to bed; shortly after the Landlord, then the landlady; all in the same room, on the ground floor, there being three beds in the room, *M'Canty* wanted whiskey; she said she had none; he then wanted beer; she said the boys were gone to bed, and she could not get any, but would give him some water. She brought him some water; then went to bed. The traveller had been asleep; dreamed he came to a well of water as large as the room, and could not pass over; awoke and recollected that he had dreamed the same the night before, felt troubled about the two dreams, and could not sleep. M'Canty got up, went out of the room, was out a few minutes, returned to the bed side; stood there some time; they heard something running on the floor like water; this went on for some minutes, when they heard as if he was swallowing somsthing; he threw himself on the bed, and appeared to be choaking. The landlord rose, got a candle, saw the blood, called the family, and found that he had cut his throat with the landlord's razor, which he found shut under the pillow. It was supposed he lived upwards of an hour after receiving the cut, which was said to be five inches long and one deep. He was a well set man, about five feet eight inches high, near 40 years of age, said to be from Ireland, and had taught school at Zanesville, Ohio.

CLARKE'S COMMENTARY.

MYERS and SMITH, Booksellers, No. 59 Fulton street, New-York, will shortly commence publishing a Royal Octavo Edition of Dr. Adam Clarke's Commentary, on on *very fine paper* and excellent print, at one HALF the price of the Quarto Edition, containing the

OLD & NEW TESTAMENTS,

The Text taken from the most correct copies of the present authorized version; with the marginal readings, an ample collection of parallel Texts, and copious summaries to each chapter. The date of every transaction through the whole of the New Testament, as far as it has been ascertained by the best Chronologers, will be marked in the A. M. or years from the Creation, collated throughout with the years of the Julian period: and in the A. a. C. and A. D. or years before and after Christ, with Critical Notes. Embellished with Maps, and a Portrait of the Author. Also, the

NEW TESTAMENT
SEPERATELY.

CONDITIONS.

1. The work will be printed on new type and fine paper—to make six volumes Royal Octavo, containing about 900 pages each, at $5 per vol. neatly bound in sheep, with raised bands;—or each volume to consist of ten numbers, at 50 cents per number, or Quarter Nos at 12½.

2. The New Testament will be printed seperately, being complete in two volumes, making 23 Nos of 96 pages each, at 50 cents per No. or Quarter Nos. at 12½.

3. All persons interesting themselves to procure, and becoming accountable for Five Subscribers, shall be entitled to a copy, gratis.

4. The work will be put to press on the first of April, 1823, and completed as speedily as possible.

5. To commence the work by first publishing the New Testament, and delivering it either in Vols. or in Nos

6 The work to be delivered to subscribers bound, at its completion, or in Nos. monthly or weekly.

☞ *Subscriptions received at this Office.*

AARONSBURG CHURCH LOTTERY.

SCHEME.

1 Prize of	$500	is	$500
1 " "	200	"	200
1 " "	100	"	100
2 " "	50	"	100
3 " "	25	"	75
10 " "	10	"	100
28 " "	5	"	140
50 " "	3	"	150
654 " "	2 50	"	1635
750 Prizes } 750 Blanks }			

1500 Tickets at $2 00 each, $3000 00
Subject to a deduction of 20 per-cent.

TO BE COMPLETED IN FIVE DAYS DRAWING AS FOLLOWS VIZ:

1st. drawn No. on 1st. day's drawing		$	25
2nd do	do	2nd. day	25
3d. do	do	3d, do	50
4th. do	do	4th do	50
5th. do	do	5th do	500

The rest all floating prizes, liable to be drawn on the first day's drawing. The prizes shall be punctually paid (deducting 20 per-cent) sixty days after the drawings are completed.

The profits arising from this Lottery, are to be applied to the extinguishment of a debt incurred in the erection of a Church or House of Worship in Aaronsburg.

ADAM NEIDIGH, }
DANIEL KEEN. } *Managers*

Millheim, Feb. 16th 1823.

CAUTION.

All persons are warned not to take an assignment of a note which I gave to a certain man who calls himself John Cromwell, (a vender of a composition termed by him CEMENT or STICKING WAX) for ten dollars, some-me in December, last; as I never received any value therefor, I am determined not to pay the same unless compelled by law.

JOHN ROSSMAN.

N. B. The public would do well to be on their guard against this man of WAX; least, peradventure, they, like myself, may experience the good *effects* of his CEMENT.

J. R.

Lamar township, Feb. 10th, 1822

To my Creditors.

Take notice that I have applied to the Court of Common pleas of Indiana county for the benefit of the insolvent laws of this state, and the said court have appointed the 4th Monday of March next to hear me and my creditors at the court house, in said county when and where you may attend if you think proper.

JAMES MOORHEAD.

Indiana, Feb. 12th 1823

A Journeyman Wanted.

By making application to the subscriber, living in Bellefonte a Journeyman WHEELWRIGHT and CHAIRMAKER, may receive constant employment and good wages.

JAMES DUNDASS.

Jan. 31, 1823.

NOTICE.

The note which I obtained from John Silar, advertised in the Patriot was for a judgment which I obtained against his wife Martha, in 1817. When scire facias issued, he appeared and agreed to pay it by giving me his note, payable last November.

F. B. SMITH.

Feb. 1, 1823.

Brigade Orders.

BY virtue of the powers vested in the Brigadier General by the 6th Section of the act for the regulation of the Militia of this commonwealth, part of the Regiment commanded by col. Criswell is hereby struck off according to the following described lines, and all the enrolled militia residing North and East of the said lines are hereby attached to the Regiment commanded by col. Jno Hasson.

The line to commence at the Top of Tuscys Mountain in a direct line from the line between George Mathorn and Mrs. Jones (late Mrs. McCartney) thence along said line to an old mill on the Warrior Mark run, below Huntingdon Furnace, from said mill to Grays mill on Warrior Mark run, from said mill allong the road leading from William Mc Clelands to Phillipsburg until it strikes the Centre County line, and along said line to the top of the mountain.

Commanding Officers, of Regiments, company Officers, and enroled Militia are hereby ordered to take notice of the above regulation and to govern themselves accordingly.

By order of Brigadier General Wm R. Smith.

THOMAS T. CROMWELL,
AID-DE-CAMP.

Jan. 9 1823

CAUTION.

The public are cautioned not *to trust* any person whatever on my account, as I will pay no debts of any other persons contracting than my own from this date.

John M'Kee.

Bellefonte, Dec'r 21st 1822.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to JOHN M'KEE must call immediately and pay All who neglect this notice will be sued without respect to persons—Those who have accounts against him please present them also for liquidation.

J. M. PETRIKIN.

December 27th 1822.

Lancaster Intelligencer.

THE Widow of the late William Dickson, tenders her grateful thanks to the subscribers and patrons of the LANCASTER INTELLIGENCER for the support which the paper has received since its establishmnt in 1799—and respectfully informs them and the public generally, that the publication of it will be continued as heretofore—that it will remain faithful to the principles of democracy, in which the late Editor had ardently labored.

As it is contemplated to enlarge the size of the paper, and make further improvements therein, and place it under the management of a person of sound moral and political principals, and in every other respect well qualified to conduct an interesting, useful, and efficient public journal; considerable expense will be incurred. To enable her to accomplish these views, she earnestly requests all persons indebted to the establishment, to pay the amount of their respective accounts as soon as possible.—She also respectfully solicits an increased share of public patronage, by new subscriptions and advertising custom. The terms of the paper will be as heretofore, viz: Two dollars a year, paid in advance.

HANDBILLS, and every kind of Printing done in handsome style, on the most reasonable terms, and at short notice.

January 17, 1823.

Turnpike Road.

WILL be sold, on Monday the 10th day of February next, at the house of James Watson, Bellefonte, the stoning of the 240 Rods of clay Road made by MOORE & ADAMS in Nittany valley: Also, will be sold on the first Monday of March next at the house of John Kerr in Potter township the finishing of three fourths of a mile from Potters Mills towards Thompson's through the Gap, part of the contract of Thomas M'Gill, & Co. and the finishing of the first mile of stone road from the end of the road of M'Gil & Co. to the house of Samuel Stiver on the contract of Philip Benner Jr.

By order of the Board.

JACOB VALENTINE, Pres't.

Jan. 30th. 1823

W. SANKEY,

Coverlet, Diaper & Carpet Weaver.

Informs the public that he carries on the above business, in all its various branches, at W. M'Ewen's Jr. Nittany valley. Weaving of all kinds done in the best and neatest order, and on the most reasonable terms. Country produce will be taken in payment.

Walker township, Jan. 13, 1823.

W. MYERS,

Informs his friends and the public in general, that he has commenced the TAYLORING BUSINESS, in the house formerly occupied by Myers & Smith, where he intends carrying on said business in all its various branches. Clothing of every description will be made by him on the shortest notice, and in the most fashionable manner; at the following prices, viz:

Coarse coats	$2,50
Fine do	3 50
Pantaloons	1,00
Vests	1,00

and all other work a very reduced price.

BANK NOTE EXCHANGE.

IN PHILADELPHIA.

United States Branches,	¼ ct. dis.
Boston,	1 do
New-Hampshire,	2 do
Connecticut,	1 do
New-York City banks	par
New-York country notes	1 to 5 a
New-Jersey.	
Trenton,	½ dis
Mount Holly,	par
Cumberland,	do
Newark,	do
Brunswick Bank,	do
Sussex Bank,	do
State Bank at Trenton,	do
At Elizabethtown	do
At Morristown	do
At Patterson	do
At Brunswick	do
Pennsylvania.	
Philadelphia notes,	par
Germantown	do
Easton Bank,	do
Camden	do
Chester county Bank,	do
West Chester	do
Montgomery county Bank,	do
Northampton Bank,	do
Lancaster Bank,	do
Harrisburg Bank	do
Farmers bk. of Reading,	do.

BANK NOTES AT A DISCOUNT.

Far. Bank Bucks co.	1
Carlisle Bank,	1½
New Hope Bridge,	1
Bank at Milton,	15
Chambersburg,	1½
York Bank,	1½
Gettysburg,	2
Swatara Bank,	2
Pittsburg Notes,	1
Centre Bank	6
Columbia bridge com.	2
Greensburg	11
Brownsville	11

All the rest of Pennsylvania Notes of Incorported banks no sale

Justices and Constable

BLANKS

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES
OF CENTRE COUNTY.

Statement of money received by the Treasurer of Centre County, from the 8th day of January 1822, until the 8th day of January, 1823; both days inclusive.

Cash received	from county collectors	4138 94 1-2	
do	taxes on unseated lands	1791 28 1-2	
do	Thomas M' Clelland, constable's fine	40 00	
do	Commonwealth vs Hagerty & Stanley	4 00	
do	Samuel Harris, house rent	22 00	
do	Wm. Alexander, part of Tho's & John Hall Sr's Judt.	61 42	
do	John G. Lowrey, Esq. his note	41 52	
			$6099 17

The following statement shews the amount due the county of Centre from sundry persons.

In the hands of collectors		$6093 68
Amount due from Clearfield county, exclusive of interest	1509 68	
John G. Lowrey, Esq ballance of bond with interest	144 13 1-2	
Charles Huston & Thomas Burnside's judgment, with interest	164 98	
Thomas & John Hall, Sr. ballance of Execution in the hands of Wm. Alexander, late Sheriff, with interest	69 11	
Ballance in the hands of John Mitchel, exclusive of interest for the last year	1038 44	
Amount of judgment against A. Hamilton & B. Williams, with interest from the 27th of April 1815, to this date	284 52	
	3210 86 1-2	
Total		9304 54 1-2

Ballance due Treasurer at last settlement	$ 171 57 1-2	
Amount of Commissioners orders paid	5085 40 1-2	
do Road orders	16 00	
Ballance in the hands of Treasurer, subject to his commission	726 19	
Total amount of monies paid by Treasurer for 1822		$6099 17

Amount of orders paid by Treasurer this year	$5085 40 1-2	
do do remaining unpaid	899 86	
	$5985 26 1-2	
Amount of old orders paid by Treasurer this year	359 40	
Total		$5625 86 1-2

Orders drawn by the Commissioners on the Treasurer from the eighth day of January 1822, until the eighth day of January 1823.

COURT HOUSE & PRISON EXPENSES

John M'Kee, stationary and candles	$ 6 66	
Wm. Alexander, esq. boarding prisoners in 1817	45 79	
James Williams repairing Court House	2 29	
Jacob Sherick wood for prison	12 00	
Philip Benner, Tow linen for prison, and glass for court house	7 28	
Daniel Billiew wood for Court house, attending Court &c.	5 50	
Samuel Flack attending court and sweeping Court house	4 00	
James Kellogg jr. Inkpowder &c.	53	
Joseph Williams boarding Jos. Smith &c.	24 30	
Samuel Flack attending Special court	10 00	
Samuel Flack attending court	5 00	
Joseph Williams wood for Jail	9 25	
P Cambridge recording deed for Jail lot	87 1-2	
James Dundass Chairs for Court house	10 00	
Jos. Williams boarding prisoners	6 90	
Samuel Flack attending court	7 00	
James Williams repairing Jail	3 18	
Matthew Adams wood for Commissioners office	2 00	
Abraham Weber repairing spouts for offices	2 25	
Jos Williams boarding prisoners.	4 20	
Samuel Flack attending court	6 50	
James M'Ghee work done to Court house	26 07	
Henry Vandyke do do do	20 00	
Joseph Butler sheriff, Sundry expenses for Jail, court house &c.	70 80 1-2	
		293 14

EXPENSES IN SUNDRY CASES.

Wolf and Panther premiums	$ 290 87 1-2
Expenses in the cases of the Commonwealth vs sundry persons	48 67
James M'Ghee, Coroner, holding inquisition on the body of David Lewis	10 87 1-2
Thomas Burnside, Esq. bills of Philadelphia prison, for the support of James Hains, Lewis Treaux, Sr. Lewis Treaux, Jr. Benjamin Treaux and Joseph Hatfield	139 92
Education of Poor Children	207 88 1-2
Refunded to Henry Spangler on duplicate of county tax	87 1-2
do purchasers of unseated lands at Commissioner's Sales	14 10
do P. Cambridge, overpaid on John Liggit's duplicate	3 44
John Mitchel, Sheriff, advertising proclamations, sheriff' fees, &c. &c.	51 00
John Johnston, Ledger for county	11 00
	$773 53

MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES.

Supervisors orders on unseated lands			$1727 43
Juror's pay			1393 94 1-2
Constable's pay			61 91
Auditor's pay			18 50
William Murray, Commissioners pay			22 00
Matthew Allison,	do	do	99 00
John Adams,	do	do	97 50
Jacob Bollinger,	do	do	76 50
John Hays,	do	do	13 50
James Rankin, Jr. Clerk to Commissioners, his sallary and extra pay allowed him by Commissioners			115 00
Assessor's pay			308 37 1-2
Sundry printing and advertising Sheriff's proclamations, &c.			89 15
Election Expenses			190 62 1-2
Attorney General's fees			9 00
Clerk of the Sessions			49 50
P. Cambridge, his percentage as Treasurer			217 15
Wm. W. Potter, Esq attorney for Commissioners, two years			60 00
			4549 08 1-2
Total amount of orders issued by Commissioners			$5625 86 1-2

The foregoing is a true statement of the Receipts and Expenditures of the County money from the date above stated.

ATTEST, THOMAS J. PETRIKIN, Clerk. } J. BOLLINGER, J. ADAMS, J. HAYS. } Commissioners.

Balances due by Collectors in Centre county.

David Tipton	Howard	1813	16 99	Henry Lorain	Rush	do	15 38
Joseph Potter	Patton	1813	37 43	William Bailey	Ferguson	1821	35 97
James Crawford	Bellefonte	do	49 30	Wm. M'Kibbon	Lamar	do	150 64
William Moore	Baldeagle	1814	77 11	Thomas M'Calmont	Walker	do	109 75
Hardman Philips	Rush	1815	14 85	George Brown	Baldeagle	do	149 83
John Hoover	Spring	do	92 91	Peter Neese	Hainse	do	186 84
William Turner	Patton	1816	53 71	Henry Pennington	Potter	do	186 22
Francis Graham	Spring	1817	106 32	Jacob Airs	Rush	do	2 11
John Spencer	Halfmoon	do	3 93	Andrew Hunter	Patton	do	64 24
Benjamin Goodwin	Hains	1818	29 26	Nicholas Shaffer	Miles	do	118 61
Richard Carey	Spring	do	93 77	John L. Thompson	Halfmoon	do	24 30
Michael Sweeny	Boggs	do	15 57	Geo. Lonaberger	Bellefonte	do	35 80
Joseph Oils	Patton	do	38 41	Jacob Runner	Howard	do	69 89
John Quay	Baldeagle	do	15 84	P. H. Tierney	Boggs	do	127 98
John Snyder	Lemar	do	68 15	Martin Houser	Spring	1822	121 03
Michael Meese	Howard	1819	129 43	Wm. M'Williams	Ferguson	do	221 39
Henry Dale	Ferguson	do	30 67	Matthias Snook	Logan	do	74 82
William Rankin	Potter	do	142 28	Joseph Garbirich	Miles	do	221 67
Edward Sutherland	Lamar	do	4 57	James Kinnear	Rush	do	7 94
Benjamin Goodwin	Hains	do	85 61	James M'Ghee	Bellefonte	do	95 14
Patrick Moore	Baldeagle	do	132 62	John Shank	Howard	do	184 69
Samuel Henderson	Halfmoon	do	17 51	David Richards	Patton	do	97 53
Anthony Wolf	Miles	do	47 20	Wm. Kean	Walker	do	168 44
Philip Benner	Spring	1820	212 29	Samuel M'Dowel	Halfmoon	do	167 82
John Smith	Howard	do	132 70	Moses Felemly	Potter	do	148 17
Adam Gray	Patton	do	46 46	George Swartz	Hainse	do	277 01
Andrew Eakens	Lamar	do	79 81	Henry Barnheart	Boggs	do	157 58
Henry Snyder	Baldeagle	do	150 19	Samuel Hays	Baldeagle	do	80 54
Christian King	Halfmoon	do	24 82	David Watson	Lamar	do	145 57
George Hubler Ferguson	Ferguson	1820	90 67	George Coble	Spring	do	263 38
Michael Musser	Hains	do	92 79				
John Irvine	Potter	do	237 39				$6060 87

The following anecdote is said to be a fact, but I do not vouch for its correctness. A member of the legislature, from a neighboring county; whose observations upon city manners and customs were rather limited, put up at one of the most fashionable taverns in this city. After dinner, as was his usual practice, he sat regaling himself with his pipe and tobacco. The room was handsomely carpeted, and near him stood a spit box. The waiter observing him to make no use of so necessary an appendage, moved it nearer, but the gentleman pushed it aside with his foot, and continued to spit upon the carpet as before. Again the servant replaced it, and again the representative removed it. Once more the servant offered to replace it, when the wise man exclaimed—"If you don't take that damned thing out of the way, I swear I'll spit in it."

Microscope.